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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/696,358	09/696,358 10/25/2000		Toshiyasu Kitamura	33082	4607
116	7590	12/02/2003	EXAMINER		NER
PEARNE		-	PAN, YUWEN		
1801 EAST 9TH STREET SUITE 1200 CLEVELAND, OH 44114-3108				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				2682	<u> </u>
				DATE MAILED: 12/02/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
. Supplemental	09/696,358	KITAMURA ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Yuwen Pan	2682					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app		I					
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tire within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed  s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 Oc	ctober 2003.						
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This a	action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.	6) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected.						
8) Claim(s) are subjected to:  8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.						
Application Papers	•						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some col None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet.  37 CFR 1.78.  a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.							
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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Response to Arguments

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1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 and 6 have been considered but are moot

in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

2. Applicant's arguments filed 7/25/03 have been fully considered but they are not

persuasive.

The applicant argues that Kenmochi fails to teach that rib is provide upright on said

shielding case in such manner that a surface that contacts said printed circuit board contacts in

the full and tight adherence. The examiner disagrees, because figure 5 and 8 clearly demonstrates

item 8 contacts the printed circuit board, item 1, in full and tight adherence. By inverting these

figures about a horizontal axis such that they are illustrated in customer or face up orientation,

the rib, item 8 illustrated as being disposed upright on the shielding case, item 9. Clearly, the

resin spacer must be secure on the print board such that it would be able to support the press

from the key skirt, item 3.

**DETAILED ACTION** 

3. This office action is a supplemental Action of last Office action that was mailed on

10/22/03, to address the new added claim 10.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the

basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on

sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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5. Claims 1,2,4-6, 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kenmochi (US005664667A).

With respect to claims 1 and 10, Kenmochi discloses a keybutton illuminating device for a key button structure comprising:

A case (see figure 5 and column 1 and line 9-14);

A shielding case that is provided with metal surface treatment (see figure 5 and item 9, column 5 and line20-21);

A key button (see figure 5 and item 3a);

A printed circuit board that is mounted with a light emitting element (see figure 5 and items 1 and 2, column 3 and line 65-column 4 line 1);

Wherein said light emitting element is surround entirely by a rib provided with metal surface treatment, (see figure 5 or 8 and item 8) the rib being disposed underneath said shielding case (see figure 5 and item 9, column 2 and lines 26-38).

With respect to claim 2, Kenmochi discloses a keybutton illuminating device for a key button structure comprising:

A case (see figure 5 and column 1 and line 9-14);

A shielding case that is provided with metal surface treatment (see figure 5 and item 9, column 5 and line20-21);

A key button (see figure 5 and item 3a); a printed circuit board that is mounted with a light emitting element (see figure 5 and items 1 and 2, column 3 and line 65-column 4 line 1);

Where said light emitting element is surrounded entirely by a rib (see figure 5 or 8 and item 8) that is provided underneath shielding case in such manner that a surface that contacts said

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printed circuit board contacts in a full and tight adherence (see figure 5 and column 5 and line 54-60).

With respect to claim 4, Kenmochi discloses a keybutton illuminating device for a key button structure comprising:

A case (see figure 5 and column 1 and line 9-14);

A shielding case that is provided with metal surface treatment (see figure 5 and item 9, column 5 and line20-21);

A key button (see figure 5 and item 3a) for switch actions of contact patterns tat are printwired on both side of light element (see figure 5 and item 1a); a printed circuit board that is mounted with a light emitting element (see figure 5 and items 1 and 2, column 3 and line 65-column 4 line 1);

A shielding case for holding of a skirt part of said keybutton is disposed upright on printed circuit board in such manner as to surround said light emitting element and said contact patterns and by the wall of said shielding case reflects lights beams that are emitted from said light emitting element (see figure 5 and column 5 and lines 11-31).

With respect to claim 5, Kenmochi further disclose the surface of the plastic dome sheet and electrically conductive light-reflecting layer comprised of a metallic membrance or the like having a high reflectance (see column 5 and line 11-15).

With respect to claim 6, Kenmochi discloses a wireless communication terminal that is equipped with a keybutton illuminating device for a key button structure (see column 1 and line 9-14) comprising:

A case (see figure 5 and column 1 and line 9-14);

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A shielding case that is provided with metal surface treatment (see figure 5 and item 9, column 5 and line20-21);

A key button (see figure 5 and item 3a);

A printed circuit board that is mounted with a light emitting element (see figure 5 and items 1 and 2, column 3 and line 65-column 4 line 1);

Wherein said light emitting element is surrounded entirely by a rib portion of the shield case that is provided with the metal surface treatment, the rib being disposed upright on said shielding case (see figure 5 and item 9, column 2 and lines 26-38).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 7-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kenmochi (US005664667A) in view of Maeda (US005740543A).

With respect to claim 7, Kenmochi discloses an analogous device as cited in claim 6.

Kenmochi does not disclose key button is operated when there is a need for a voice memo operation for recording of the contents of present vocal communication, wherein light emitting element comes to illuminated or blink on start of the voice memo operation.

Maeda discloses key button is operated when there is a need for a voice memo operation for recording of the contents of present vocal communication (see column 3 and lines 43-50).

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It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Maeda with Kenmochi's device, such that a portable terminal device has more features such as voice memo and recording during conversation.

The examiner takes "Official Notice" of the fact that is notoriously well-known in the art blink or illuminating on start of voice memo operation, in order to have an indication to a user.

Therefor, it would have been obviously to one ordinary skill in the art at time the invention was made to combine blink or illuminating on start of voice memo operation within the memo operation key button to have an indication to the user.

With respect to claim 8 and 9, the examiner takes "Official Notice" of the fact that is notoriously well-known in the art blink or illuminating on start of voice memo operation or during communication, furthermore having different manner of blink or illuminating for different mode, such as calling or recording, in order to have an indication of present mode to a user.

Therefore, it would have been obviously to one ordinary skill in the art at time the invention was made to combine blink or illuminating on start of voice memo operation within the memo operation key button to have an indication of present mode to a user.

1. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kenmochi (US005664667A).

Kenmochi doesn't disclose a rib around the light source in an approximately oval shape. The examiner takes "Official Notice" that it is notoriously well known in the art to assert the shape of the insulating resin sheet spacer in order to install the component easily. The shape of the spacer could be circle and square based on the manufactures.

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to assert the shape of insulating resin sheet spacer to easily install the insulating resin sheet spacer.

## Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yuwen Pan whose telephone number is 703-305-7372. The examiner can normally be reached on 8-5 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vivian Chin can be reached on 703-308-6739. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-306-0377.

December 1, 2003

VIVIAN CHIN SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600

12/1/03